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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/695,211	10/28/2003	Steven Gerard Ross	136122CT	136122CT 4501	
7590 10/05/2005			EXAM	EXAMINER	
Patrick W. Rasche Armstrong Teasdale LLP Suite 2600 One Metropolitan Square			HO, AL	HO, ALLEN C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2882	2882	
St. Louis, MO 63102			DATE MAILED: 10/05/2009	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/695,211	ROSS ET AL.	(gro				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Allen C. Ho	2882					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 Ju</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		merits is				
Dispositi	on of Claims							
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-9 and 14-19 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,10-13,20 and 21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 								
Applicati	on Papers							
10) 🖾 -	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on 18 July 2005 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	\square accepted or b) \boxtimes objected to b drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFF	7 7				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite	152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of species I in the reply filed on 18 July 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that species I and II are related. This is not found persuasive because applicants failed to submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to because there are two Fig. 4. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the

drawings will not be held in abeyance.

remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the

Claim Objections

3. Claim 16 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 16 has an incorrect status identifier. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 20 recites an x-ray beam profile formed on the detector. It is unclear if this x-ray beam and the beam of radiation are the same beam or different beam.

Claim 21 recites a formation of a variety of sizes of apertures between a plurality of cams of the pre-patient collimator. It is unclear how a structural with only a curved contour could form a variety of sizes of apertures between a plurality of cams.

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. Claims 1, 2, 10-12, 20, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated

by Swerdloff et al. (U. S. Patent No. 5,317,616).

With regard to claims 1, 10, and 11, Swerdloff et al. disclosed a CT imaging system

comprising: an x-ray source (12); a collimator (22); and a detector (50'); wherein the collimator

has a curved contour proportional to a contour of the detector (column 4, lines 57-61).

With regard to claims 2 and 12, Swerdloff et al. disclosed a CT imaging system in

accordance with claims 1 and 11, wherein the curved contour of the collimator and the contour

of the detector are concentric (about the focal point 18).

With regard to claim 21, Swerdloff et al. disclosed an imaging system in accordance with

claim 1, wherein the pre-patient collimator is configured to reduce the curvature during

formation of a variety of apertures between a plurality of cams (32) of the pre-patient collimator.

With regard to claim 20, Swerdloff et al. disclosed a method for reducing dosage of

radiation incident on a subject, the method comprising: transmitting a beam (14) of radiation

toward the subject; collimating (22) the beam of radiation before the beam reaches the subject;

detecting, by a detector (50'), the collimated beam of radiation, wherein the collimating is

performed by a collimator with a curved contour proportional to a contour of a detector that

detects the collimated beam; and reducing a curvature of an x-ray beam profile formed on the

detector by performing the collimating the beam of radiation (Any curvature in the beam is removed by the step of collimating since a beam travels straight after being collimated).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 3 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Swerdloff *et al.* (U. S. Patent No. 5,317,616) as applied to claims 1 and 11 above, and further in view of Okazaki (U. S. Patent No. 5,801,939).

With regard to claims 3 and 13, Swerdloff et al. disclosed a CT imaging system in accordance with claims 1 and 11. Although Swerdloff et al. disclosed a linear drive mechanism (32) configured to form an aperture of the collimator, Swerdloff et al. failed to disclose a piezo-electric drive mechanism configured to change the size of the aperture of the collimator.

Okazaki disclosed a precision positioning control apparatus comprising a coarse positioner (101) and a fine positioner (102). Okazaki taught a piezo-electric drive is capable of higher resolution than a coarse positioner (column 7, lines 27-36).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a piezo-electric drive mechanism, since a person would be motivated to change the size of the aperture in finer increments.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 18 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicants argue that Swerdloff *et al.* failed to disclose a pre-patient collimator configured to reduce a curvature of an x-ray beam profile formed on the detector. This argument is not persuasive. As pointed out in MPEP §2114, while features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. Swerdloff *et al.* clearly disclosed a pre-patient collimator that has a curved contour proportional to a contour of the detector (Figs. 2 and 4). For this reason, the rejections are being maintained.

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Allen C. Ho whose telephone number is (571) 272-2491. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:00 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Edward J. Glick can be reached at (571) 272-2490. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Allen C. Ho

Primary Examiner

allen C Ho

Art Unit 2882

03 October 2005